Night Sky Viewing at Widener University

June 2025

Sunrise & Sunset Times (EDT)

	Sunrise	Sunset
Begin Month	5:35 am	8:24 pm
End Month	5:37 am	8:34 pm

Naked-Eye Planets in the Evening & Morning Sky this Month

Jupiter (*in Taurus*): As June commences, Jupiter, which has been a brilliant fixture in the evening sky since last autumn, can still be spotted as a golden "star" low in the northwest in evening twilight; it sets by 9:30 pm, or just over one hour after sunset, on the 1st. Thereafter, Jupiter sinks into the evening twilight, effectively vanishing from sight before midmonth. Jupiter passes behind the Sun (conjunction) on June 24th, and will reappear low in the northeast at dawn by mid-July.

Mars (*in Leo*): Over the past three months, Mars has drifted eastward from the relatively bright constellation Gemini, with its brightest suns Pollux and Castor, into the dim constellation Cancer, and now into neighboring Leo. On the 17th, orangish Mars cozies up to Leo's brightest star, bluish-white Regulus, making for a beautiful duo of nearly equal brightness but of strikingly contrasted colors. During June, Mars sets by 1:00 am on the 1st and around 11:30 pm on the 30th.

Venus (in Pisces-Aries): Back in March, Venus passed between the Earth and Sun (inferior conjunction), and it has since emerged in the east before sunrise as the brilliant Morning Star. Venus reached greatest morning (western) elongation with the Sun just prior to the start of this month, on May 31st, although the orientation of the ecliptic plane to the eastern horizon at dawn was not particularly favorable for this apparition. Venus rises around 3:30 am, or 2 hours before sunrise, at the beginning of June, or 30 minutes earlier, at 3 am, by month's end.

Mercury (in Taurus-Gemini-Cancer): Mercury passed behind the Sun (superior conjunction) on May 30th, and during June it swings into the evening sky, resembling a bright star hovering very low above the western horizon at dusk. On June 7th, Mercury passes close to Jupiter, but the pair will stand only a few degrees above the western horizon. Mercury doesn't get high enough to be easily seen until the second half of June; by month's end it is setting about 1¹/₂ hours after sunset.

Saturn (*in Pisces*): Now 3 months past its conjunction with the Sun back in March, Saturn is currently well separated from the dawn glow. On June 1st, Saturn rises around 2:30 am, or 3 hours before sunrise. By the 30th, Saturn will be rising a full 5 hours before the Sun, at 12:30 am.

Earth: Earth reaches the Summer Solstice on June 20th at 10:42 pm EDT, when the Northern Hemisphere is tilted maximally toward the Sun, marking the start of astronomical summer in the Northern Hemisphere and of winter in the Southern Hemisphere.

Lunar Phases







New 25th

Constellations & Bright Stars Visible Around 10 pm EDT in June

Leo – halfway up in W, descending Bright star Regulus Planet Mars

Virgo – up in SSW Bright star *Spica*

- Hydra extends below Leo & Virgo Bright star Alphard ("the Solitary One"), setting in SW
- Ursa Major high in NNW Asterism Big Dipper, w/ pointer stars Merak, Dubhe; handle stars Alioth, Mizar (& Alcor), Alkaid
- *Ursa Minor* halfway up in N, directly above Polaris Asterism *Little Dipper*, contains *Polaris* (North Star)
- *Boötes* high in S Bright star *Arcturus*, directly above Spica
- *Corona Borealis* high in S, to upper left of Arcturus Bright star *Gemma* (also called *Alphecca*)
- Libra one-third of way up in S Bright stars Zubenelgenubi, Zubeneschamali

Scorpius – low in SSE Bright star Antares

Ophiuchus – halfway up in SE Bright star *Ras Alhague*

Sagittarius – just rising in SE

Lyra – getting higher in ENE Bright star *Vega*

- Aquila low in E Bright star Altair
- *Cygnus* getting higher in NE Bright star *Deneb*

For more information on the night sky, visit the Widener Observatory Stargazing website at <u>www.widener.edu/stargazing</u>/. A set of free sky maps can be obtained at <u>www.skymaps.com/</u>.