Night Sky Viewing at Widener University August 2025

Sunrise & Sunset Times (EDT)

	Sunrise	Sunset
Begin Month	6:01 am	8:14 pm
End Month	6:29 am	7:34 pm

Naked-Eye Planets in the Evening & Morning Sky this Month

Mars (in Virgo): Mars resembles an orange star in western Virgo, halfway between two bluish-white true stars: Leo's Regulus and Virgo's Spica. Mars treks eastward through Virgo during August, leaving Regulus behind and approaching Spica, which it will pair up with in mid-September. During August, Mars sets around 10:15 pm and 9 pm (which are 2 and 1½ hours after sunset) on the 1st and 31st, respectively.

Saturn (in Pisces): Nestled among the dim stars of Pisces, Saturn rises at 10:30 pm on the 1st and by 8:30 pm on the 31st; it stands halfway up in the south by 3:30 am EDT midmonth. Saturn, resembling a bright, cream-colored star, easily outshines all the true stars in its vicinity, including Fomalhaut, which lies well to Saturn's lower right. Saturn's best showing will come in late September, when it reaches opposition with the Sun. As a bonus, the faint, bluish-green planet Neptune lies just above Saturn, making for a beautiful pairing in a wide-field scope.

Venus (in Gemini-Cancer): A majestic celestial beacon in the pre-dawn sky, Venus is unmistakable, glowing like a radiant yellow diamond in the east-northeast. Venus rises around 3 am EDT, or nearly three hours before the Sun, in early August, and just before 4 am, or 2½ hours before sunrise, at month's end. The celestial event of the month occurs on the morning of August 12th, when Venus and Jupiter cross paths, making for a spectacular pairing of the two brightest planets in the sky.

Jupiter (in Gemini): Following its conjunction with the Sun back in late June, Jupiter began to reappear low in the northeast at dawn in mid-July. As August opens, Jupiter has put considerable distance between itself and the Sun, and is rising at about 3:45 am, or 2½ hours before the Sun. By month's end, Jupiter is rising by 2:15 am, or 4½ hours before sunrise. Look toward the northeast for brilliant Jupiter, which resembles a golden star, but which far outshines any of the nearby true stars.

Mercury (in Cancer-Leo): Mercury begins to emerge from the dawn glow after about August 12th. On August 19th, Mercury reaches its greatest elongation west of the Sun, when it rises 1½ hours before sunrise and can be spotted very low above the northeastern horizon. Mercury gets brighter toward the end of the month, but it also sinks closer to the horizon, rising just one hour before the Sun by the 31st.

Perseid Meteor Shower: On the night of August 12-13, Earth will pass through the debris of Comet Swift-Tuttle, producing the Perseid Meteor Shower, so named because it appears to radiate from the constellation Perseus. Unfortunately, the Moon's phase will be waning gibbous, and its bright glare, which begins before midnight and continues through the early morning hours, will hinder seeing the fainter meteors.

Lunar Phases







9th "Sturgeon Moon"



16th

23rd

Constellations & Bright Stars Visible Around 10 pm in August

Ursa Major – dipping toward NW horizon Asterism Big Dipper, w/ pointer stars Merak, Dubhe; handle stars Alioth, Mizar (& Alcor), Alkaid

Ursa Minor –up in NNW, to upper left of North Star Asterism Little Dipper, contains Polaris (North Star)

Virgo – low in WSW Bright star *Spica*, setting

Boötes – high in WSW Bright star Arcturus, well above Spica

Corona Borealis - high in SSW, just east of Boötes Bright star Gemma (also called Alphecca)

Libra – low in SW Bright stars Zubenelgenubi, Zubeneschamali

Scorpius – low in S Bright star Antares; stars Shaula and Lesath form Cat's Eyes in Scorpion's tail

Ophiuchus – halfway up in S, above Scorpius Bright star Ras Alhague

Sagittarius – low in SSE Asterism the "Tea Pot"

Lyra – high overhead Bright star Vega

Aquila – halfway up in SE Bright star Altair

Cygnus -high in E, below Lyra Bright star Deneb, forms Summer Triangle with Altair & Vega

Pegasus (including the Great Square) – rising in E

Cassiopeia - rising, low in NNE Easily recognizable "W" shape

For more information on the night sky, visit the Widener Observatory Stargazing website at www.widener.edu/stargazing/. A set of free sky maps can be obtained at www.skymaps.com/.