Night Sky Viewing at Widener University

December 2025

Sunrise & Sunset Times

	Sunrise	Sunset
Begin Month (EDT)	7:04 am	4:37 pm
End Month (EST)	7:23 am	4:47 pm

Naked-Eye Planets in the Evening & Morning Sky this Month

Saturn (in Aquarius): Saturn, currently residing within the dim constellation Aquarius, reaches eastern quadrature with the Sun on the 16th, which means that it lies 90 degrees east of the Sun. A planet at eastern quadrature stands due south at sunset, and it sets around midnight. Though noticeably fainter than it was at opposition back in September, Saturn's brightness is comparable to first-magnitude Fomalhaut, which lies directly below it. Saturn sets at 1 am EST in early December and around 11 pm at month's end.

Jupiter (*in Gemini*): Brilliant, golden Jupiter, which currently gleams from within the sparkling winter constellation Gemini, ascends above the northeastern horizon around 7:45 pm EST on December 1st, and by 5:30 pm on the 31st. Jupiter stands at its highest altitude above the southern horizon at around 2 am in mid-December. Jupiter will be at its best when it reaches opposition with the Sun on January 10th.

Mars (in *Ophiuchus-Sagittarius*): Mars reaches the end of its evening apparition this December; it is now lost in the glow of twilight. Mars passes behind the Sun (conjunction) on January 9th; it will slowly begin to reappear low in the east at dawn in early spring 2026.

Mercury (in Scorpius-Ophiuchus-Sagittarius): Mercury has its best showing of the year in the dawn sky this December, rising by 5:30 am, or 1½ hours before sunrise, on the 1st. Look for what appears to be a bright star hovering low above the southeastern horizon about ½ hour before sunrise. Mercury rises slightly earlier on the 7th, when it reaches greatest western (morning) elongation with the Sun. Thereafter, Mercury begins a slow descent toward the Sun, and by month's end, Mercury is rising by 6:45 am, or only about 45 minutes before the Sun.

Venus (*in Ophiuchus-Sagittarius*): Venus rises only about 45 minutes before sunrise in the southeast on December 1st. Despite its brilliance, Venus is too low to spot without an unobstructed eastern horizon. Venus continues to sink into the dawn glow over the next few weeks; it passes behind the Sun (superior conjunction) on January 6th, after which it will gradually begin to reappear in the west at dusk.

Earth: reaches the *winter solstice* on December 21st at 10:03 am EST. Autumn ends and winter begins in the Northern Hemisphere.

Geminid Meteor Shower: Meteors appear to emanate from the constellation Gemini. Peaks on the evening of the 13th and morning of the 14th. Best time to view is after midnight. The waning crescent Moon that night should not interfere significantly with the viewing.

Lunar Phases









4th
"Cold Moon"

Last Quarter 11th

New 19th

First Quarter 27th

Constellations & Bright Stars Visible Around 8 pm Local Time in December

Summer Triangle – low in W, setting Consists of three bright stars: *Vega*, *Altair*, and *Deneb*

Pisces Austrinus – low in SW, setting Bright white star *Fomalhaut*

Cetus – halfway up above horizon in S Bright orange stars Diphda, Menkar

Pegasus (Great Square) – high in SSW, above Fomalhaut Bright stars Scheat, Markab, Algenib

Andromeda – nearly overhead, connected to Pegasus Bright stars Alpheratz (NE corner of Great Square), Mirach, Almach

Aquarius – low in SW, below Pegasus Planet Saturn

Pisces – high in S, below the Great Square of Pegasus

Aries – high up in S, above Cetus & below Andromeda Bright stars *Hamal*, *Sheratan*

Cassiopeia – "W" high in N, looking like an "M" Bright stars Shedar, Caph, Ruchbah

Perseus – just E of overhead, follows Andromeda Bright stars *Mirfak* (or *Agenib*) and *Algol*

Auriga – getting higher in NE, follows Perseus Bright star *Capella*

Taurus – well up in ENE, getting higher Bright star *Aldebaran*, Star Clusters *Pleiades & Hyades*

Orion – rising in E
Bright stars *Betelgeuse*, *Rigel*

Gemini – rising in NE, following TaurusBright stars Pollux, CastorPlanet Jupiter

Canis Major – soon to rise in SE, to lower right of Rigel Bright star Sirius

For more information on the night sky, visit the Widener Observatory Stargazing website at www.widener.edu/stargazing/. A set of free sky maps can be obtained at www.skymaps.com/.